

Agenda

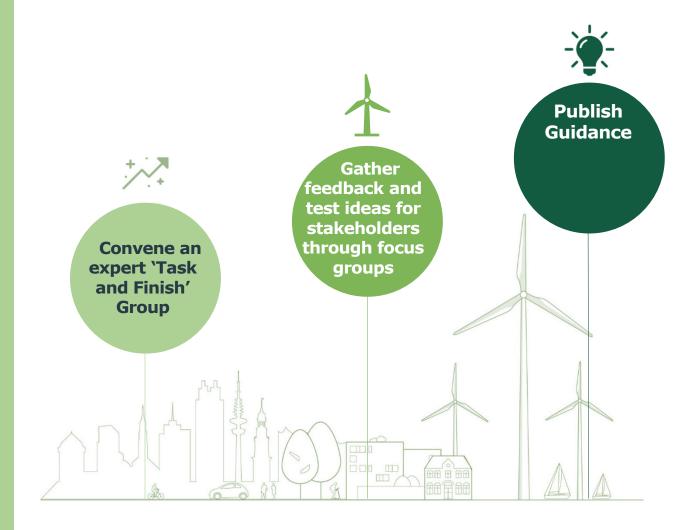
- 1.Welcome & objectives (2 mins)
- 2.Intro to EIA Guidelines and Key Messages (8 mins)
- 3.Breakout Group Exercise (12 mins)
- 4. Group Feedback & Discussion (10 mins)

The challenge

accelerate the planning process

reduce the burden on consultees and stakeholders

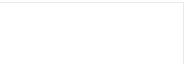
streamline and standardise

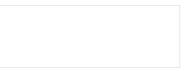


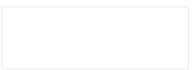
Task and Finish Group - Members







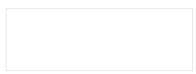


































Guidelines Published September 2025

- Living document
- Feedback welcomed





Guidelines on Streamlining Environmental Impact Assessment for Onshore Wind Farms

September 2025



Key Messages

- 1. What is Streamlined EIA?
- 2. Principles for Proportionate EIA
- 3. Standardisation and Evidence-Based Approach
- 4. Implementation

Principles for Proportionate EIA

Effective Scoping

Early consultation

Pre-app meetings

Scope later

When sufficient information available/design progressed

Ask Questions

Deviation from standard method

Refer to mitigation

Based on 30 years' experience Standard conditions

Standardisation and Evidence Based Approach

Use standard report structures

Scoping Matrices

Robust mitigation

Evidence-based scoping

Aim to scope-out with justification Evidence notes

e.g.

- Preliminary ecological appraisal/ NS approved checklist
- Phase 1 peat probing
- ZTV/ initial wirelines
- Initial heritage setting findings
- Preliminary noise/hydrology

Consultation

- Early
- Targeted

Avoid

- Generic methods
- Detailed planning policy

Key outcomes

Guidelines on Streamlining EIA. (published September 2025) standardised Scoping Report content streamlined structure for EIA Report and EIA Topic Chapters evidence notes for key topics

Thank you

Peter Bruce Director – Impact Assessment Ramboll pbruce@ramboll.com





Scenario and Project Team Task

EIA Scoping Report Preparation

Project team is tasked with preparing an Environmental Impact Assessment scoping report for a wind farm.

Environmental Topics Selection

Focus on 2–3 environmental topics such as noise, ecology, and transport for detailed assessment.

Decision Criteria for Scoping Topics



Scoping Out Criteria

Identify topics that can be excluded based on relevance and impact to focus efforts efficiently.



Detailed Assessment Needs

Determine which topics require in-depth analysis due to their significance or complexity.



Supporting Evidence and Mitigation

Gather evidence and mitigation strategies to justify scoping decisions and ensure informed outcomes.

Workshop Instructions and Group Activity

Guidance for Completing the Scoping Matrix



Use Visual Tools

Utilize the mini-matrix or flipchart/whiteboard to organize and visualize your answers collectively.



Group Collaboration

Engage in open group discussion to fill in the scoping matrix with collective input and consensus.



Share Key Decisions

Be prepared to present one important decision and its rationale to the larger group for feedback.

Mini-Matrix Example: Noise, Ecology, Transport

TOPIC	SCOPE IN/OUT?	RATIONALE (EVIDENCE/MITIGATION)
Noise	Out	No sensitive receptors nearby; compliance with ETSU-R-97 limits.
Ecology	In	Protected species present; baseline surveys required.
Transport	Out	Low construction traffic; standard mitigation applies.

Scenario 1: Peatland Plateau

Site Description and Key Features

Site Location and Terrain

The site is an upland plateau at 400m AOD featuring largely open moorland terrain with natural elevation.

Peatland Characteristics

Deep peat layers averaging over 1 meter are present, with priority peatland habitats showing some near natural conditions and significant modifications.

Adjacent Conservation Area

A Special Area of Conservation for peatland lies adjacent to the site, separated by a small river.

Surrounding Environment

The site has no residential properties within 5 km and no national landscape designations within 25 km, emphasizing its remoteness.





Scoping Prompts and Evidence Considerations

Identifying Scoped Topics

Determine which subjects are relevant to include or exclude in the study to maintain focus and relevance.

Evidence for Scoping Out Noise

Use data and analysis to justify excluding noise as a factor in the current scope.

Evidence for Hydrological Connectivity

Evaluate hydrological data to support decisions about connectivity with the Special Area of Conservation (SAC).

Scenario 2: Bird Hotspot by a Loch

Site Description and Key Features

Site Location and Environment

The site is a hillside next to a freshwater loch, located close to a Special Protection Area for breeding waders.

Bird Species Presence

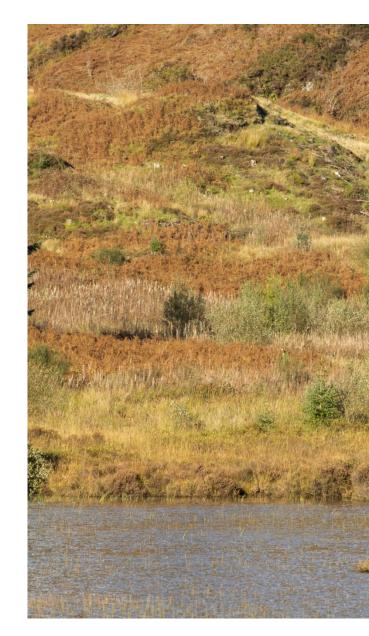
Several red-listed bird species have been recorded at the site during baseline surveys, highlighting its ecological importance.

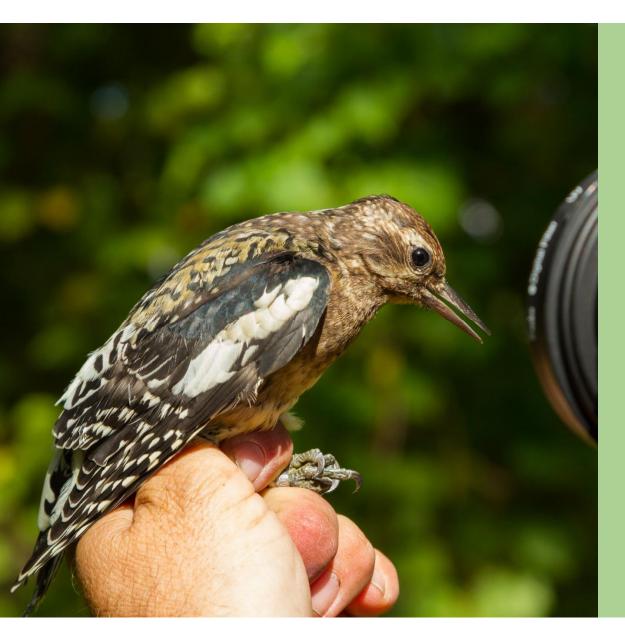
Habitat Types

The area consists of improved grassland and wet heath habitats, supporting diverse wildlife and plant species.

Proximity to Settlement

The site lies within 2 kilometers of a small settlement, indicating potential interaction between human presence and wildlife.





Scoping Prompts and Baseline Evidence

Shadow Flicker Assessment

Determine if shadow flicker effects are relevant and can be excluded in the study area to refine the project scope.

Ornithology Considerations

Evaluate bird species presence and behavior to understand potential impacts on local ornithology during project planning.

Baseline Evidence Collection

Gather relevant baseline data to strengthen the case and support environmental assessments effectively.

Scenario 3: Transport Corridor

Site Description and Key Features

Energy Infrastructure

The site features significant energy developments including high voltage lines, substations, and large turbines nearby.

Transport and Access

The site offers easy access via a trunk road and has transport infrastructure including rail, roads, and a narrow bridge for turbine delivery.

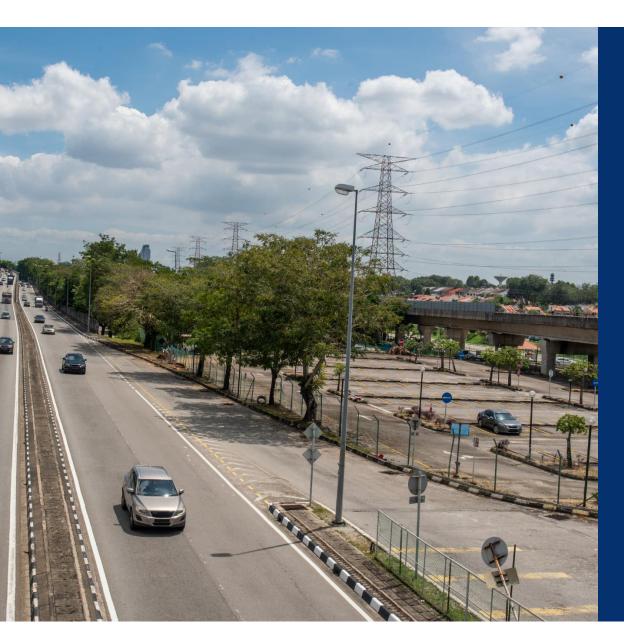
Nearby Village and Heritage

A nearby village is located 1.5 km from the turbine area, with several designated heritage assets such as burial cairns in the vicinity.

Modern Environmental Features

The area includes modern features such as lighting, noise sources, and legacy mining impacting the site environment.





Scoping Prompts for Transport and Heritage

Transport-Heavy Topics

Identify topics with significant transport-related content requiring detailed exploration in assessments.

Proportional Detail Reduction

Determine which topics can be summarized or reduced to balance scope and relevance in reports.

Evidence for Heritage Assessment

Gather relevant evidence to inform cultural heritage assessments ensuring accurate scope and impact understanding.

Scenario 4: Historic Highland Glen

Site Description and Key Features

Remote Highland Glen

The site is a remote glen featuring upland habitats typical of highland terrain.

Intervisibility with Monuments

The site offers visual connections to several Scheduled Monuments located on surrounding ridges.

Ecological Features

Blanket bog habitat is present, supporting unique ecological communities within the site.

Walking Routes and Topography

Popular walking routes cross the site; topography contains visual impact mostly to northwest.





Scoping Prompts for Landscape and Visual Impacts

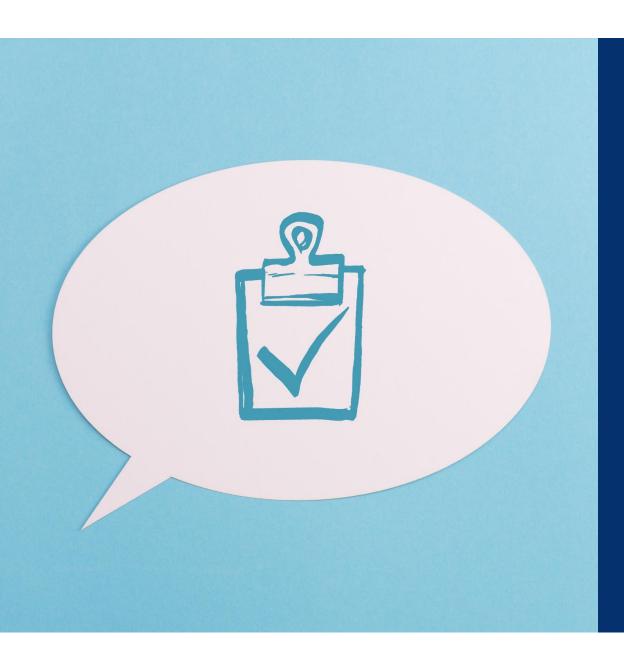
Determining Scope Topics

Identify key topics relevant to landscape and visual impacts to focus the study effectively.

Justifying Study Area

Provide clear rationale for choosing the study area based on potential visual effects – ZTV, wirelines, early photography

Best Practice Tips for Scoping Decisions



Recommendations for Evidence and Mitigation

Refer to Guidance

Utilise the guidance's recommendations found in Section 3 and Appendix 1 for effective scoping and mitigation.

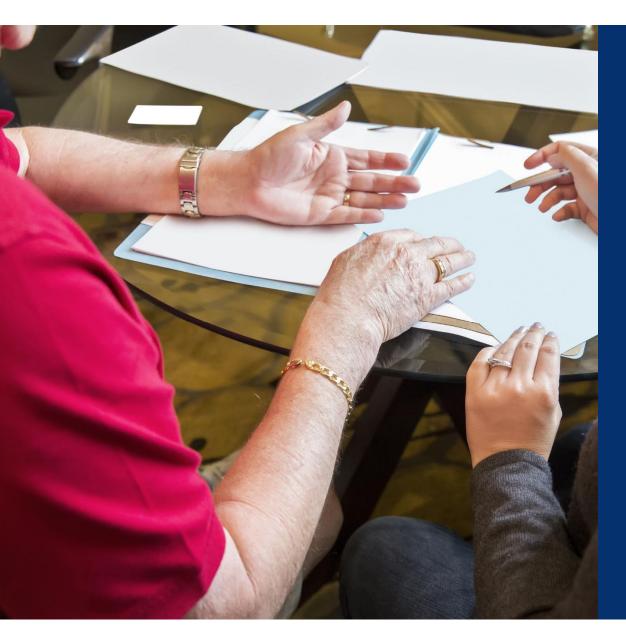
Focus on Proportionality

Ensure that all evidence and mitigation measures are proportionate to the issue being addressed.

Clarity and Conciseness

Keep explanations clear and concise to enhance understanding and effectiveness.

Group Discussion and Reference Materials



Sharing Decisions and Facilitator Highlights

Group Decision Sharing

Each group presents one decision along with the reasoning behind it to foster understanding.

Facilitator Highlights

Facilitator emphasises examples showing proportionality, proper evidence use, and clear communication.

Reference to Official Guidance Sections



Overarching Principles

Section 2 covers the fundamental principles guiding the official guidance framework and practices.



Scoping and Consultation

Section 3 explains the process of scoping and consultation critical to the guidance application.



Example Scoping Matrix

Appendix 1 provides an example scoping matrix used to organize and evaluate project scope.